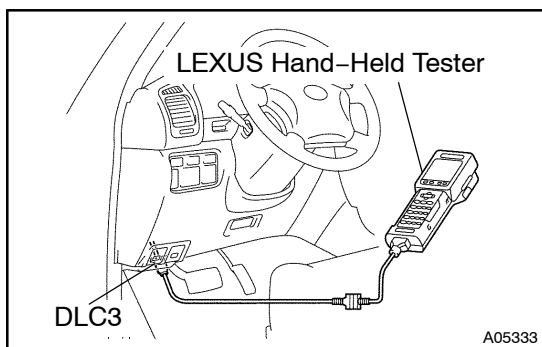


PRE-CHECK

1. DIAGNOSIS SYSTEM

- **Description**
When troubleshooting OBD II vehicles, the only difference from the usual troubleshooting procedure is that you connect to the vehicle the OBD II scan tool complying with SAE J1978 or LEXUS hand-held tester, and read off various data output from the vehicle's ECM.
- OBD II regulations require that the vehicle's on-board computer lights up the Malfunction Indicator Lamp (MIL) on the instrument panel when the computer detects a malfunction in the emission control system / components or in the powertrain control components which affect vehicle emissions, or a malfunction in the computer. In addition to the MIL lighting up when a malfunction is detected, the applicable Diagnostic Trouble Codes (DTC) prescribed by SAE J2012 are recorded in the ECM memory (See page [DI-17](#)).

If the malfunction does not reoccur in 3 consecutive trips, the MIL goes off automatically but the DTCs remain recorded in the ECM memory.



- To check the DTCs, connect the OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester to Data Link Connector 3 (DLC3) on the vehicle. The OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester also enables you to erase the DTCs and check frozen frame data and various forms of engine data. (For operating instructions, see the OBD II scan tool's instruction book.) DTCs include SAE controlled codes and manufacturer controlled codes. SAE controlled codes must be set as prescribed by the SAE, while manufacturer controlled codes can be set freely by the manufacturer within the prescribed limits. (See DTC chart on page [DI-17](#))

- The diagnosis system operates in normal mode during normal vehicle use. It also has a check mode for technicians to simulate malfunction symptoms and troubleshoot. Most DTCs use 2 trip detection logic* to prevent erroneous detection, and ensure thorough malfunction detection. By switching the ECM to check mode when troubleshooting, the technician can cause the MIL to light up for a malfunction that is only detected once or momentarily. (LEXUS hand-held tester only) (See step 2)
- *2 trip detection logic: When a malfunction is first detected, the malfunction is temporarily stored in the ECM memory. (1st trip)

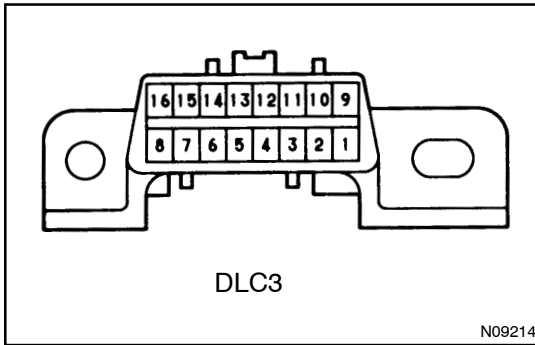
If the same malfunction is detected again during the second drive test, this second detection causes the MIL to light up. (2nd trip) (However, the IG switch must be turned OFF between the 1st trip and the 2nd trip.)

- Freeze frame data:
Freeze frame data records the engine condition when a misfire (DTCs P0300 ~ P0308) or fuel trim malfunction (DTCs P0171, P0172) or other malfunction (first malfunction only), is detected. Because freeze frame data records the engine conditions (fuel system, calculated load, engine coolant temperature, fuel trim, engine speed, vehicle speed, etc.) when the malfunction is detected, when troubleshooting it is useful for determining whether the vehicle was running or stopped, the engine warmed up or not, the air-fuel ratio lean or rich, etc. at the time of the malfunction.
- Priorities for troubleshooting:

If troubleshooting priorities for multiple DTCs are given in the applicable DTC chart, these should be followed.

If no instructions are given troubleshoot DTCs according to the following priorities.

- (1) DTCs other than fuel trim malfunction (DTCs P0171, P0172) and misfire (DTCs P0300 ~ P0308).
- (2) Fuel trim malfunction (DTCs P0171, P0172).
- (3) Misfire (DTCs P0300 ~ P0308).



(a) Check the DLC3.

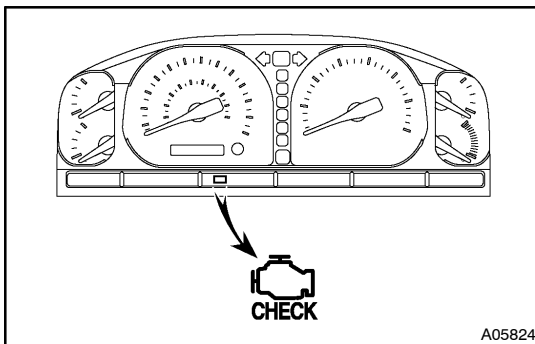
The vehicle's ECM uses the ISO 9141-2 communication protocol. The terminal arrangement of DLC3 complies with SAE J1962 and matches the ISO 9141-2 format.

Terminal No.	Connection / Voltage or Resistance	Condition
7	Bus \oplus Line / Pulse generation	During transmission
4	Chassis Ground \leftrightarrow Body Ground / 1 Ω or less	Always
5	Signal Ground \leftrightarrow Body Ground / 1 Ω or less	Always
16	Battery Positive \leftrightarrow Body Ground / 9 ~ 14 V	Always

HINT:

If your display shows "UNABLE TO CONNECT TO VEHICLE" when you have connected the cable of the OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester to DLC3, turned the ignition switch ON and operated the scan tool, there is a problem on the vehicle side or tool side.

- If communication is normal when the tool is connected to another vehicle, inspect DLC3 on the original vehicle.
- If communication is still not possible when the tool is connected to another vehicle, the problem is probably in the tool itself, so consult the Service Department listed in the tool's instruction manual.

**2. INSPECT DIAGNOSIS (Normal Mode)**

(a) Check the MIL.

- (1) The MIL comes on when the ignition switch is turned ON and the engine is not running.

HINT:

If the MIL does not light up, troubleshoot the combination meter (See page [BE-2](#)).

- (2) When the engine started, the MIL should go off. If the lamp remains on, the diagnosis system has detected a malfunction or abnormality in the system.

(b) Check the DTC.

NOTICE:

- If there is no DTC in normal mode, check the 1st trip DTC using Continuous Test Result function (Mode 7 for SAE J1979) on the OBD II scan tool or TOYOTA hand-held tester.

- **LEXUS hand-held tester only:** When the diagnosis system is switched from normal mode to check mode, it erases all DTCs and freezed frame data recorded in normal mode. So before switching modes, always check the DTCs and freezed frame data, and note them down.
 - (1) Prepare the OBD II scan tool (complying with SAE J1978) or LEXUS hand-held tester.
 - (2) Connect the OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester to DLC3 at the lower left of the instrument panel.
 - (3) Turn the ignition switch ON and push the OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester switch ON.
 - (4) Use the OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester to check the DTCs and freezed frame data and note them down. (For operating instructions, see the OBD II scan tool's instruction book.)
If there is no DTC in normal mode, check the 1st trip DTC using Continuous Test Results function (Mode 7 for SAE J1979) on the OBD II scan tool or TOYOTA hand-held tester.
 - (5) See [DI-17](#) to confirm the details of the DTCs.

NOTICE:

- When simulating symptoms with an OBD II scan tool (excluding LEXUS hand-held tester) to check the DTCs, use normal mode. For code on the DTC chart subject to "2 trip detection logic", perform the following either action.
- Turn the ignition switch OFF after the symptom is simulated the first time. Then repeat the simulation process again. When the problem has been simulated twice, the MIL lights up and the DTCs are recorded in the ECM.
- Check the 1st trip DTC using Mode 7 (Continuous Test Results) for SAE J1979.

(c) Clear the DTC.

The DTCs and freezed frame data will be erased by either action.

- (1) Operating the OBD II scan tool (complying with SAE J1978) or LEXUS hand-held tester to erase the codes. (See the OBD II scan tool's instruction book for operating instructions.)
- (2) Disconnecting the battery terminals or EFI and THROTTLE fuses.

NOTICE:

If the LEXUS hand-held tester switches the ECM from normal mode to check mode or vice-versa, or if the ignition switch is turned from ON to ACC or OFF during check mode, the DTCs and freezed frame data will be erased.

3. INSPECT DIAGNOSIS (Check Mode)

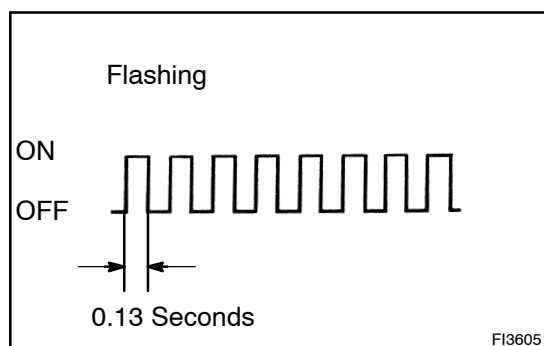
LEXUS hand-held tester only:

Compared to the normal mode, the check mode has an increased sensitivity to detect malfunctions.

Furthermore, the same diagnostic items which are detected in the normal mode can also be detected in the check mode.

Check the DTC.

- (1) Initial conditions
 - Battery positive voltage 11 V or more
 - Throttle valve fully closed
 - Transmission in P or N position
 - Air conditioning switched OFF
- (2) Turn the ignition switch OFF.
- (3) Prepare the LEXUS hand-held tester.
- (4) Connect the LEXUS hand-held tester to the DLC3 in the fuse box at the lower left of the instrument panel.
- (5) Turn the ignition switch ON and push the LEXUS hand-held tester switch ON.
- (6) Switch the LEXUS hand-held tester normal mode to check mode. (Check that the MIL flashes.)



NOTICE:

If the LEXUS hand-held tester switches the ECM from normal mode to check mode or vice-versa, or if the ignition switch is turned from ON to ACC or OFF during check mode, the DTCs and frozen frame data will be erased.

- (7) Start the engine. (The MIL goes out after the engine start.)
- (8) Simulate the conditions of the malfunction described by the customer.

NOTICE:

Leave the ignition switch ON until you have checked the DTCs, etc.

- (9) After simulating the malfunction conditions, use the LEXUS hand-held tester diagnosis selector to check the DTCs and frozen frame data, etc.

HINT:

Take care not to turn the ignition switch OFF. Turning the ignition switch OFF switches the diagnosis system from check mode to normal mode. so all DTCs, etc. are erased.

- (10) After checking the DTC, inspect the applicable circuit.

4. FAIL-SAFE CHART

If any of the following codes is recorded, the ECM enters fail-safe mode.

DTC No.	Fail-Safe Operation	Fail-Safe Deactivation Conditions
P0100	Ignition timing fixed at 5° BTDC	Returned to normal condition
P0110	Intake air temperature is fixed at 20°C (68°F)	Returned to normal condition
P0115	Engine coolant temperature is fixed at 80°C (176°F)	Returned to normal condition
P0135 P0141 P0155 P0161	The heater circuit in which an abnormality is detected is turned off	Ignition switch OFF
P0325 P0330	Max. timing retardation	Ignition switch OFF
P1300 P1305 P1310 P1315 P1320 P1325 P1330 P1340	Fuel cut	Returned to normal condition

5. CHECK FOR INTERMITTENT PROBLEMS

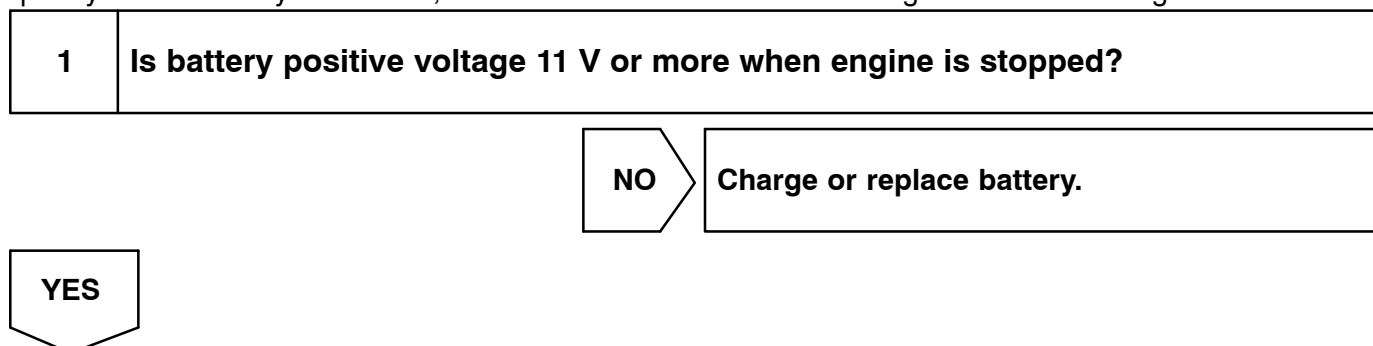
LEXUS HAND-HELD TESTER only:

By putting the vehicle's ECM in check mode, 1 trip detection logic is possible instead of 2 trip detection logic and sensitivity to detect open circuits is increased. This makes it easier to detect intermittent problems.

- (1) Clear the DTCs.
- (2) Set the check mode.
- (3) Perform a simulation test (See page [IN-23](#)).
- (4) Check the connector and terminal (See page [IN-33](#)).
- (5) Handle the connector (See page [IN-33](#)).

6. BASIC INSPECTION

When the malfunction code is not confirmed in the DTC check, troubleshooting should be performed in the order for all possible circuits to be considered as the causes of the problems. In many cases, by carrying out the basic engine check shown in the following flow chart, the location causing the problem can be found quickly and efficiently. Therefore, use of this check is essential in engine troubleshooting.



2 Is engine cranked?

NO

Proceed to pages **ST-16** and **ST-18**, and continue to troubleshoot.

YES

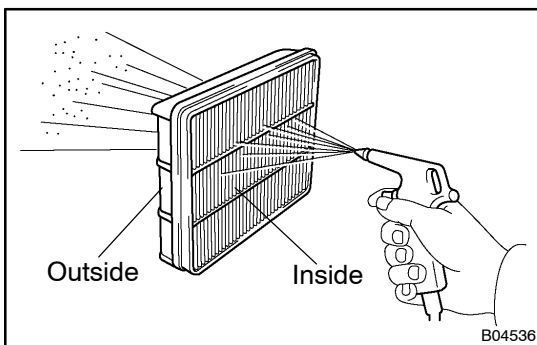
3 Does engine start?

NO

Go to step 7.

YES

4 Check air filter.



PREPARATION:

Remove the air filter.

CHECK:

Visually check that the air filter is not dirty or excessive oily.

HINT:

If necessary, clean the filter with compressed air. First blow from inside thoroughly, then blow from outside of the filter.

NG

Repair or replace.

OK

5	Check idle speed.
----------	--------------------------

PREPARATION:

- (a) Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- (b) Switch off all the accessories.
- (c) Switch off the air conditioning.
- (d) Shift the transmission into the N position.
- (e) Connect the OBD II scan tool or LEXUS hand-held tester to the DLC3 on the vehicle.

CHECK:

Use the CURRENT DATA to check the idle speed.

OK:

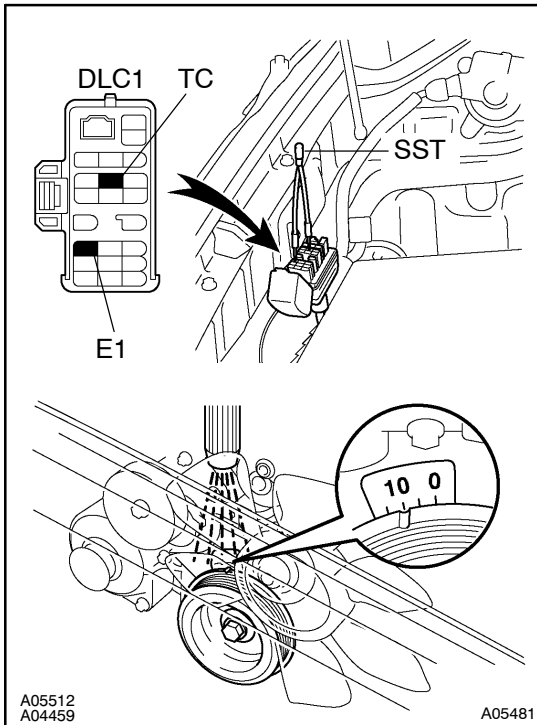
Idle speed: 650 ~ 750 rpm

NG

Proceed to problem symptoms table on page [DI-27](#).

OK

6 Check ignition timing.



PREPARATION:

- Warm up the engine to normal operating temperature.
- Shift the transmission into the N position.
- Keep the engine speed at idle.
- Using SST, connect terminals TC and E1 of the DLC1.
SST 09843-18020
- Using a timing light, connect the tester to the ignition coil connector wire (See page EM-9).

CHECK:

Check the ignition timing.

OK:

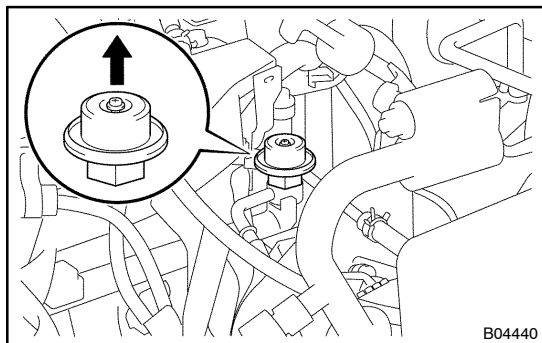
Ignition timing: 10° BTDC at idle

NG

Proceed to page IG-1 and continue to trouble-shoot.

OK

Proceed to problem symptoms table on page DI-27.

7 Check fuel pressure.**PREPARATION:**

- (a) Be sure that the enough fuel is in the tank.
- (b) Connect the LEXUS hand-held tester to the DLC3.
- (c) Turn the ignition switch ON and push LEXUS hand-held tester main switch ON.
- (d) Use the ACTIVE TEST mode to operate the fuel pump.
- (e) Please refer to the LEXUS hand-held tester operator's manual for further details.
- (f) If you have no LEXUS hand-held tester, connect the positive (+) and negative (-) leads from the battery to the fuel pump connector (See page [SF-7](#)).

CHECK:

Check that the pulsation damper screw rises up when the fuel pump operates.

HINT:

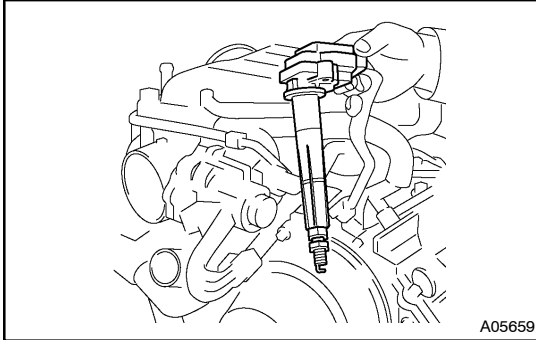
At this time, you will hear a fuel flowing noise.

NG

Proceed to page [SF-7](#) and continue to trouble-shoot.

OK

8

Check for spark.**PREPARATION:**

- (a) Remove the ignition coil from the spark plug.
- (b) Remove the spark plug.
- (c) Install the spark plug to the ignition coil.
- (d) Disconnect the injector connector.
- (e) Ground the spark plug.

CHECK:

Check if spark occurs while the engine is being cranked.

NOTICE:

To prevent excess fuel being injected from the injectors during this test, don't crank the engine for more than 5 ~ 10 seconds at a time.

NG

Proceed to page **IG-1** and continue to trouble-shoot.

OK

Proceed to problem symptoms table on page **DI-27**.

7. ENGINE OPERATING CONDITION

NOTICE:

The values given below for "Normal Condition" are representative values, so a vehicle may still be normal even if its value varies from those listed here. So do not decide whether a part is faulty or not solely according to the "Normal Condition" here.

(a) CARB mandated signals.

LEXUS hand-held tester display	Measurement Item	Normal Condition*
FUEL SYS #1	Fuel System Bank 1 OPEN: Air-fuel ratio feedback stopped CLOSED: Air-fuel ratio feedback operating	Idling after warming up: CLOSED
FUEL SYS #2	Fuel System Bank 2 OPEN: Air-fuel ratio feedback stopped CLOSED: Air-fuel ratio feedback operating	Idling after warming up: CLOSED
CALC LOAD	Calculator Load: Current intake air volume as a proportion of max. intake air volume	Idling: 12.0 ~ 18.0 % Racing without load (2,500 rpm): 11.0 ~ 17.0 %
COOLANT TEMP.	Engine Coolant Temp. Sensor Value	After warming up: 80 ~ 95°C (176 ~ 203°F)
SHORT FT #1	Short-term Fuel Trim Bank 1	0 ± 20 %
LONG FT #1	Long-term Fuel Trim Bank 1	0 ± 20 %
SHORT FT #2	Short-term Fuel Trim Bank 2	0 ± 20 %
LONG FT #2	Long-term Fuel Trim Bank 2	0 ± 20 %
ENGINE SPD	Engine Speed	Idling: 650 ~ 750 rpm
VEHICLE SPD	Vehicle Speed	Vehicle stopped: 0 km/h (0 mph)
IGN ADVANCE	Ignition Advance: Ignition Timing of Cylinder No.1	Idling: BTDC 5 ~ 15°
INTAKE AIR	Intake Air Temp. Sensor Value	Equivalent to ambient temp.
MAF	Air Flow Rate Through Mass Air Flow Meter	Idling: 4.5 ~ 5.5 gm/sec. Racing without load (2,500 rpm): 13.0 ~ 20.0 gm/sec.
THROTTLE POS	Voltage Output of Throttle Position Sensor Calculated as a percentage: 0 V → 0 %, 5 V → 100 %	Throttle fully closed: 8 ~ 20 % Throttle fully open: 64 ~ 96 %
O2S B1, S1	Voltage Output of Oxygen Sensor Bank 1 Sensor 1	Idling: 0.1 ~ 0.9 V
O2S B1, S2	Voltage Output of Oxygen Sensor Bank 1 Sensor 2	Driving (50 km/h, 31 mph): 0.1 ~ 0.9 V
O2S B2, S1	Voltage Output of Oxygen Sensor Bank 2 Sensor 1	Idling: 0.1 ~ 0.9 V
O2S B2, S2	Voltage Output of Oxygen Sensor Bank 2 Sensor 2	Driving (50 km/h, 31 mph): 0.1 ~ 0.9 V
O2FT B1, S1	Oxygen Sensor Fuel Trim Bank 1 Sensor 1 (Same as SHORT FT #1)	0 ± 20 %
O2FT B2, S1	Oxygen Sensor Fuel Trim Bank 2 Sensor 1 (Same as SHORT FT #2)	0 ± 20 %

*: If no conditions are specifically stated for "Idling", it means the shift lever is at N or P position, the A/C switch is OFF and all accessory switches are OFF.

(b) LEXUS Enhanced Signals.

LEXUS hand-held tester display	Measurement Item	Normal Condition*
MISFIRE RPM	Engine RPM for first misfire range	Misfire 0: 0 rpm
MISFIRE LOAD	Engine load for first misfire range	Misfire 0: 0 g/r
INJECTOR	Fuel injection time for cylinder No.1	Idling: 2.1 ~ 3.9 ms
STARTER SIG	Starter Signal	Cranking: ON
A/C SIG	A/C Switch Signal	A/C ON: ON
PNP SW	Park/Neutral Position Switch Signal	P or N position: ON
CTP	Closed Throttle Position	Throttle fully closed: ON
STOP LIGHT SW	Stop Light Switch Signal	Stop light switch ON: ON
FC IDL	Fuel Cut Idle: Fuel cut when throttle valve fully closed, during deceleration	Fuel cut operating: ON
FC TAU	Fuel Cut TAU: Fuel cut during very light load	Fuel cut operating: ON
CYL#1 ~ CYL#8	Abnormal revolution variation for each cylinder	0 %
IGNITION	Total number of ignition for every 1,000 revolutions	0 ~ 4,000
FUEL PUMP	Fuel Pump Signal	Idling: ON
EVAP (PURGE) VSV	EVAP VSV Signal	VSV operating: ON
VAPOR PRESS VSV	Vapor Pressure VSV Signal	VSV operating: ON
THROTTLE POS #2	Throttle position sensor No.2 output voltage	Throttle fully closed: 2.0 ~ 2.9 V Throttle fully open: 4.7 ~ 5.1 V
ACCEL POS	Accelerator pedal position sensor No.1 output voltage	Accelerator pedal released: 0.3 ~ 0.9 V Accelerator pedal depressed: 3.2 ~ 4.8 V
ACCEL POS #2	Accelerator pedal position sensor No.2 output voltage	Accelerator pedal released: 1.8 ~ 2.7 V Accelerator pedal depressed: 4.7 ~ 5.1 V
THROTTLE TARGET POS	Target position of throttle valve	Idling: 0.4 ~ 1.1 V
THROTTLE OPEN DUTY	Throttle motor opening duty ratio	Throttle fully closed: 0 % When accelerator pedal is depressed, duty ratio is increased
THROTTLE CLOSE DUTY	Throttle motor closed duty ratio	Throttle fully closed: 0 % When accelerator pedal is quick released, duty ratio is increased
THROTTLE MOTOR CTL	Whether or not throttle motor control is permitted	Idling: ON
THROTTLE CLUTCH CTL	Whether or not magnetic clutch control is permitted	Idling: ON
+BM	Whether or not electric throttle control system power is inputted	Idling: ON
ACCEL IDL	Whether or not accelerator pedal position sensor is detecting idle	Idling: ON
THROTTLE IDL	Whether or not throttle position sensor is detecting idle	Idling: ON
FAIL #1	Whether or not fail safe function is executed	ETCS is failed: ON
FAIL #2	Whether or not fail safe function is executed	ETCS is failed: ON

*:If no conditions are specifically stated for "Idling", it means the shift lever is at N or P position, the A/C switch is OFF and all accessory switches are OFF.

LEXUS hand-held tester display	Measurement Item	Normal Condition*
THROTTLE LEAN VALUE	Throttle fully closed learning value	0.4 ~ 0.8 V
ACCEL LEAN VALUE	Accelerator fully closed learning value	0.4 ~ 0.8 V
THROTTLE MOTOR	Throttle motor control current	Idling: 0 ~ 3.0 A
ETCS MAG CLUTCH	Magnetic clutch control current	0.8 ~ 1.0 A
TOTAL FT B1	Total Fuel Trim Bank 1: Average value for fuel trim system of bank 1	Idling: 0.5 ~ 1.4
TOTAL FT B2	Total Fuel Trim Bank 2: Average value for fuel trim system of bank 2	Idling: 0.5 ~ 1.4
O2 LR B1, S1	Oxygen Sensor Lean Rich Bank 1 Sensor 1: Response time for oxygen sensor output to switch from lean to rich	Idling after warming up: 0 ~ 1,000 msec.
O2 LR B2, S1	Oxygen Sensor Lean Rich Bank 2 Sensor 1: Response time for oxygen sensor output to switch from lean to rich	Idling after warming up: 0 ~ 1,000 msec.
O2 RL B1, S1	Oxygen Sensor Rich Lean Bank 1 Sensor 1: Response time for oxygen sensor output to switch from rich to lean	Idling after warming up: 0 ~ 1,000 msec.
O2 RL B2, S1	Oxygen Sensor Rich Lean Bank 2 Sensor 1: Response time for oxygen sensor output to switch from rich to lean	Idling after warming up: 0 ~ 1,000 msec.

*:If no conditions are specifically stated for "Idling", it means the shift lever is at N or P position, the A/C switch is OFF and all accessory switches are OFF.